

Date of compilation: 29/07/2019 Revised: 30/10/2024 Version: 20 (Replaced 19) SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING 1.1 **Product identifier:** Linx Black Wet Process Ink 1056 Other means of identification: Not relevant 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against: Relevant uses: Printing ink Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet: Supplier: ITW Marking and Coding Linx Printing Technologies Ltd 1 Research Park Drive Linx House, 8 Stocks Bridge Way, Compass Point Business Park St. Charles, MO 63304-5685 USA PE27 5JL St Ives - Cambridgeshire - UK 800-526-2531 / 636-300-2000 Phone: +44 (0) 1480 302100 sds@Linx.co.uk **Emergency Phone Number:** www.linxglobal.com Infotrac: 800-535-5053 (US) Emergency telephone number: 24HR: (+1)-352-323-3500 1.4 +1-352-323-3500 (International) USA: 1-800-535-5053

UK NPIS For Healthcare Professionals Only: 0344 892 0111

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567).

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412 Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225

Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B, H360 Skin Sens. 1A: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1A, H317 STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

#### 2.2 Label elements:

# GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

Danger



#### Hazard statements:

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Repr. 1B: H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child. Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.

# Supplementary information:

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH205: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.



Date of compilation: 29/07/2019

Version: 20 (Replaced 19)

# SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

### Substances that contribute to the classification

Butanone; Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex); maleic anhydride

Revised: 30/10/2024

#### **Additional Labelling:**

Restricted to professional users

### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

### 3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture of substances

### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, the product contains:

	Identification Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS:	78-93-3	Butanone Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	40 - <60 %
CAS:	64-17-5	<b>ethanol</b> Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Danger	10 - <20 %
CAS:	117527-94-3	Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex) Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Repr. 1B: H360 - Danger	5 - <10 %
CAS:	108-31-6	maleic anhydride Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Resp. Sens. 1: H334; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1A: H317; STOT RE 1: H372; EUH071 - Danger	<0.1 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

### Other information:

Specific concentration limit
% (w/w) >=50: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319
% (w/w) >=0.001: Skin Sens. 1A - H317

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
maleic anhydride	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-31-6	LD50 dermal	Not relevant	
	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant	

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product. **By inhalation:** 

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply,etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance. **By skin contact:** 



Date of compilation: 29/07/2019

Version: 20 (Replaced 19)

# SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

### By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Revised: 30/10/2024

Not relevant

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...). **Additional provisions:** 

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

### For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

### For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:



Date of compilation: 29/07/2019

Version: 20 (Replaced 19)

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Revised: 30/10/2024

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016 and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002, 2002 No. 2776. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in designated areas that comply with the necessary safety conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to small amounts only. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

- A.- Specific storage requirements
  - Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location
- B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be assessed in the workplace:

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits, fourth edition, published 2020:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Butanone	WEL (8h)	200 ppm	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 78-93-3	WEL (15 min)	300 ppm	899 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethanol	WEL (8h)	1000 ppm	1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 64-17-5	WEL (15 min)		
maleic anhydride	WEL (8h)		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 108-31-6	WEL (15 min)		3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### **Biological limit values:**



#### Safety data sheet According to UK REACH (S.I. 2019/758)

# Linx Black Wet Process Ink 1056

Date of compilation: 29/07/2019

Revised: 30/10/2024 Version: 20 (Replaced 19)

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

BIOLOGICAL MONITORING GUIDANCE VALUES (BMGVS) - EH40/2005						
Identification	NULL	NULL	NULL			
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	5 mg/L	Butan-2-one in urine	Post shift			

### DNEL (Workers):

		Short	Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local	
Butanone	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	
CAS: 78-93-3	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	1161 mg/kg	Not relevant	
EC: 201-159-0	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant	
ethanol	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	
CAS: 64-17-5	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	343 mg/kg	Not relevant	
EC: 200-578-6	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant	
Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex)	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	
CAS: 117527-94-3	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.13 mg/kg	Not relevant	
EC: 938-781-3	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.94 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant	
maleic anhydride	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	
CAS: 108-31-6	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	
EC: 203-571-6	Inhalation	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.081 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.081 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

### DNEL (General population):

		Short	exposure	Long e	exposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Butanone	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	31 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 78-93-3	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	412 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 201-159-0	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	106 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
ethanol	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	87 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 64-17-5	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	206 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 200-578-6	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	114 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex)	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.07 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 117527-94-3	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.07 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 938-781-3	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.23 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant

### PNEC:

Identification							
Butanone	STP	709 mg/L	Fresh water	55.8 mg/L			
CAS: 78-93-3	Soil	22.5 mg/kg	Marine water	55.8 mg/L			
EC: 201-159-0	Intermittent	55.8 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	284.74 mg/kg			
	Oral	1 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	284.7 mg/kg			
ethanol	STP	580 mg/L	Fresh water	0.96 mg/L			
CAS: 64-17-5	Soil	0.63 mg/kg	Marine water	0.79 mg/L			
EC: 200-578-6	Intermittent	2.75 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3.6 mg/kg			
	Oral	0.38 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	2.9 mg/kg			
maleic anhydride	STP	44.6 mg/L	Fresh water	0.038 mg/L			
CAS: 108-31-6	Soil	0.037 mg/kg	Marine water	0.004 mg/L			
EC: 203-571-6	Intermittent	0.379 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.296 mg/kg			
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.03 mg/kg			

# 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<UKCA marking>> or <<CE marking>>. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.



Colour:

# Linx Black Wet Process Ink 1056

Version: 20 (Replaced 19) Date of compilation: 29/07/2019 Revised: 30/10/2024 SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued) B.- Respiratory protection Pictogram PPE Remarks Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If Filter mask for gases and vapours the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment. Mandatory respiratory tract protection C.- Specific protection for the hands Pictogram PPE Remarks Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low -density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration. time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm) Mandatory hand protection As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. D.- Eye and face protection PPE Remarks Pictogram Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Face shield Use if there is a risk of splashing. Mandatory face protection E.- Body protection PPE Remarks Pictogram Disposable clothing for protection against For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof instructions. properties Mandatory complete body protection Safety footwear for protection against chemical Replace boots at any sign of deterioration. risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties Mandatory foot protection F.- Additional emergency measures Emergency measure Standards Emergency measure Standards **0+** ANSI Z358-1 DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011 Emergency shower Eyewash stations **Environmental exposure controls:** In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties: **Appearance:** Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid Fluid Appearance:

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Black

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.



ate of	compilation: 29/07/2019 Revised: 30/10/2024	Version: 20 (Replaced 19)
SECT	TION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIE	ES (continued)
	Odour:	Characteristic
	Odour threshold:	Not relevant *
	Volatility:	
	Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	79 °C
	Vapour pressure at 25 °C:	10922 Pa
	Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	33790.43 Pa (33.79 kPa)
	Evaporation rate at 25 °C:	>1
	Product description:	
	Density at 25 °C:	883.8 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Relative density at 25 °C:	0.814 - 0.954
	Dynamic viscosity at 25 °C:	2 - 5 cP
	Kinematic viscosity at 25 °C:	Not relevant *
	Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	Not relevant *
	Concentration:	Not relevant *
	pH:	Not relevant *
	Vapour density at 25 °C:	2.4 kg/m³
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 25 °C:	ca. 0.3
	Solubility in water at 25 °C:	Not relevant *
	Solubility properties:	Slightly soluble in cold water
	Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
	Melting point/freezing point:	-86 °C
	Flammability:	
	Flash Point:	1 °C
	Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
	Autoignition temperature:	>210 °C
	Lower flammability limit:	1.8 % Volume
	Upper flammability limit:	11.5 % Volume
	Particle characteristics:	
	Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable
9.2	Other information:	
	Information with regard to physical hazard cla	sses:
	Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
	Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
	Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
	Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
	Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *
	Other safety characteristics:	Not relevant *
	Surface tension at 25 °C:	Not relevant *
	Refraction index: *Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing inf	Not relevant *

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:



Date of compilation: 29/07/2019

Version: 20 (Replaced 19)

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

# **10.2** Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

Revised: 30/10/2024

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### **10.4** Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

#### **10.5** Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

### **10.6** Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **11.1** Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

- Corrosivity/Irritability: Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract

- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified
  - as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
  - IARC: propan-2-ol (3); ethanol (1); phenol (3)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:



Date of compilation: 29/07/2019 Revised: 30/10/2024

Version: 20 (Replaced 19)

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

### Other information:

Not relevant

#### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	A	Acute toxicity	
Butanone	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 78-93-3	LD50 dermal	6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
ethanol	LD50 oral	6200 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 64-17-5	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	124.7 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex)	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 117527-94-3	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
maleic anhydride	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-31-6	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		

### Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

	Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity	
Oral	6095.42 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Non-applicable
Dermal >5000 mg/kg (Calculation method)		Non-applicable
halation >20 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)		Non-applicable

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.1 Toxicity:

#### Acute toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus	
Butanone	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish	
CAS: 78-93-3	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean	
	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Algae	
ethanol	LC50	11000 mg/L (96 h)	Alburnus alburnus	Fish	
CAS: 64-17-5	EC50	9268 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean	
	EC50	1450 mg/L (192 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa	Algae	
Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex)	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish	
CAS: 117527-94-3	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean	
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)		Algae	



Date of compilation: 29/07/2019

Revised: 30/10/2024 Version: 20 (

Version: 20 (Replaced 19)

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus	
ethanol	NOEC	250 mg/L	Danio rerio	Fish	
CAS: 64-17-5	NOEC	2 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean	

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

### Substance-specific information:

Identification	De	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Butanone	BOD5	2.03 g O2/g	Concentration	Not relevant	
CAS: 78-93-3	COD	2.31 g O2/g	Period	20 days	
	BOD5/COD	0.88	% Biodegradable	89 %	
ethanol	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L	
CAS: 64-17-5	COD	Not relevant	Period	14 days	
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	89 %	
Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex)	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	20 mg/L	
CAS: 117527-94-3	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days	
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	14.1 %	
maleic anhydride	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	33.33 mg/L	
CAS: 108-31-6	COD	Not relevant	Period	29 days	
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	98.19 %	

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

### Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bio	Bioaccumulation potential		
Butanone	BCF	3		
CAS: 78-93-3	Pow Log	0.29		
	Potential	Low		
ethanol	BCF	3		
CAS: 64-17-5	Pow Log	-0.31		
	Potential	Low		
Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex)	BCF			
CAS: 117527-94-3	Pow Log	2.29		
	Potential			
maleic anhydride	BCF			
CAS: 108-31-6	Pow Log	-2.61		
	Potential			

# 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorp	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Butanone	Кос	30	Henry	5.77 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol	
CAS: 78-93-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes	
	Surface tension	2.396E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes	
ethanol	Кос	1	Henry	4.61E-1 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol	
CAS: 64-17-5	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes	
	Surface tension	2.339E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes	
Dye (1:2 Chromium (III) Complex)	Кос	18	Henry	Not relevant	
CAS: 117527-94-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Not relevant	
	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Not relevant	
maleic anhydride	Кос	42	Henry	0E+0 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol	
CAS: 108-31-6	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Not relevant	
	Surface tension	1.673E-2 N/m (250.21 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant	

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

# Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

# 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described



### Safety data sheet According to UK REACH (S.I. 2019/758)

# Linx Black Wet Process Ink 1056

Date of compilation: 29/07/2019

Revised: 30/10/2024

Version: 20 (Replaced 19)

# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class
08 03 12*	waste ink containing hazardous substances	Hazardous

### Type of waste:

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP10 Toxic for reproduction, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988. As under 15 01 of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

### **Regulations related to waste management:**

In accordance with Annex II of UK REACH the provisions related to waste management are stated:

UK legislation: The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011.

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:

	14.1	UN number:	UN1210		
	14.2	UN proper shipping name:	PRINTING INK		
$\langle \simeq \rangle$	14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3		
		Labels:	3		
3		Packing group:	II		
	14.5	Environmental hazards:	No		
	14.6	Special precautions for user			
		Tunnel restriction code:	D/E		
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9		
		Limited quantities:	5 L		
	14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and	Not relevant		
		the IBC Code:			
Transport of da	ngero	us goods by sea:			
With regard to IN	1DG 41	-22:			
	14.1	UN number:	UN1210		
	14.2	UN proper shipping name:	PRINTING INK		
, LL,	14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3		
		Labels:	3		
		Packing group:	II		
3	14.5	Marine pollutant:	No		
V	14.6	Special precautions for user			
		Special regulations:	367, 163		
		EmS Codes:	F-E, S-D		
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9		
		Limited quantities:	5 L		
		Segregation group:	Not relevant		
	14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	Not relevant		
Transport of da	naero	us goods by air:			
-	-				
With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:					



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SECTION 14: TRANSP	ORT	INFORMATION (continued)	
	14.3 14.4 14.5	UN proper shipping name: Transport hazard class(es): Labels:	UN1210 PRINTING INK 3 3 II No
	14.7	Physico-Chemical properties: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	see section 9 Not relevant

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **15.1** Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Substances listed in UK candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHCs): Not relevant
- Substances listed in UK REACH Authorisation List (Annex 14): Not relevant

# Restrictions to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII UK REACH, etc ....):

Product classified hazardous under the CMR. Sale and distribution to the general public is prohibited. Due to its CMR category, it is essential to apply the specific measures for workplace hazard prevention covered in articles 4 and 5 of the 2004/37/EC Directive and later modifications.

Shall not be used in:

—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

-tricks and jokes,

-games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

### Other legislation:

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended) EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):



Date of compilation: 29/07/2019	Revised: 30/10/2024	Version: 20 (Replaced 19)
SECTION 16: OTHER INFORM	ATION (continued)	
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly Repr. 1B: H360 - May dama Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - May Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Cause Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes	Toxic to aquatic life with lon s serious eye damage. serious eye irritation. flammable liquid and vapou age fertility or the unborn ch cause allergy or asthma syr es severe skin burns and ey cause an allergic skin react	ur. nild. mptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. e damage. ion. prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).
Classification procedure Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation met STOT SE 3: Calculation met Skin Sens. 1A: Calculation r Repr. 1B: Calculation metho Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculati Flam. Liq. 2: Calculation methol	thod thod nethod od ion method	
Advice related to trainin	. ,	
Training is recommended in interpretation of this safety		risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and abel on the product.
Principal bibliographical	sources:	
http://echa.europa.eu		
http://eur-lex.europa.eu		
Abbreviations and acron	•	l carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritin IATA: International Air Tran ICAO: International Civil Av COD: Chemical Oxygen Der BOD5: 5day biochemical ox BCF: Bioconcentration facto LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration EC50: Effective concentratio LogPOW: Octanolwater par Koc: Partition coefficient of UFI: unique formula identifi	sport Association riation Organisation mand tygen demand or 50 50 50 tition coefficient organic carbon ier	
IARC: International Agency		

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at UK, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.